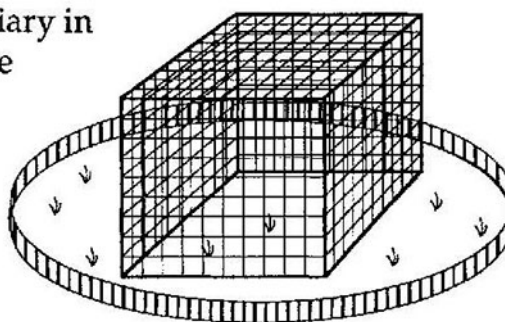


The owners of a zoo intend to build a new aviary in the shape of a cuboid with a square floor. The volume of the aviary will be 500 m^3 .



- (a) If x metres is the length of one edge of the floor, show that the area A square metres of netting required is given by

$$A = x^2 + \frac{2000}{x} \quad (4)$$

- (b) Find the dimensions of the aviary to ensure that the cost of netting is minimised. (6)

Part (a)

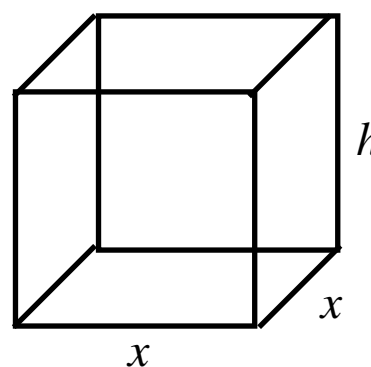
- ① Come up with a draft version of what they ask for.

$$A = \text{front} + \text{back} + \text{left} + \text{right} + \text{top}$$

$$A = xh + xh + xh + xh + x^2$$

$$A = x^2 + 4xh$$

We have an h , which the question doesn't!



- ② What other information is given?
Create an expression for this.

$$\text{Volume} = 500 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Volume} = lbh$$

$$500 = lbh$$

$$500 = x^2h$$

$$h = \frac{500}{x^2} \quad \text{Change the subject to } h.$$

- ③ Substitute your expression from step 2 into the step 1 formula.

$$A = x^2 + 4xh \quad h = \frac{500}{x^2}$$

$$A = x^2 + 4x \left(\frac{500}{x^2} \right)$$

$$A = x^2 + \frac{2000x}{x^2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{A = x^2 + \frac{2000}{x}}}$$

Part (b)

1 Find the stationary point(s)

$$A = x^2 + \frac{2000}{x}$$

$A = x^2 + 2000x^{-1}$ Prepare for differentiation

$\frac{dA}{dx} = 2x - 2000x^{-2}$ Differentiate

$\frac{dA}{dx} = 2x - \frac{2000}{x^2}$ Express without negative or fraction powers.

* For stationary points $dA/dx = 0$ *

$$2x - \frac{2000}{x^2} = 0$$




$$2x = \frac{2000}{x^2}$$

$$2x^3 = 2000$$

$$x^3 = 1000$$

$$x = \sqrt[3]{1000}$$

$$x = 10$$

x	\longrightarrow	10	\longrightarrow
$\frac{dA}{dx} = 2x - \frac{2000}{x^2}$	-	0	+
Slope			

The nature table is essential!

X = 10 is a value which minimises the surface area.

$$h = \frac{500}{x^2}$$

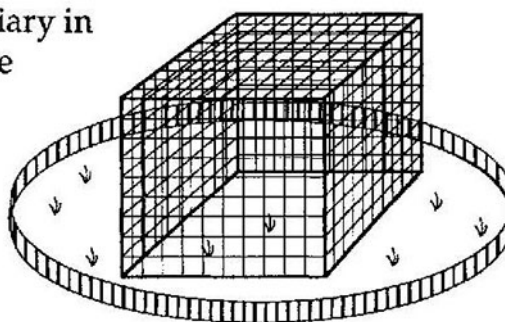
$$h = \frac{500}{10^2}$$

$$h = \frac{500}{100}$$

$$h = 5$$

Dimension are 10 by 10 by 5.

The owners of a zoo intend to build a new aviary in the shape of a cuboid with a square floor. The volume of the aviary will be 600 m^3 .



- (a) If x metres is the length of one edge of the floor, show that the area A square metres of netting required is given by

$$A = x^2 + \frac{2400}{x}.$$

(4)

- (b) Find the dimensions of the aviary to ensure that the cost of netting is minimised.

(6)

Part (a)

- ① Come up with a draft version of what they ask for.

- ② What other information is given?
Create an expression for this.

- ③ Substitute your expression from step 2 into the step 1 formula.

Part (b)

1

Find the stationary point(s)

Prepare for differentiation

Differentiate

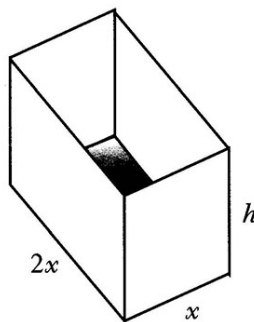
Express without negative or fraction powers.

* For stationary points $dA/dx = 0$ *

The nature table is essential!

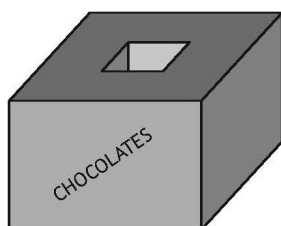
Dimension are:

- 1 An open cuboid measures internally x units by $2x$ units by h units and has an inner surface area of 12 units^2 .



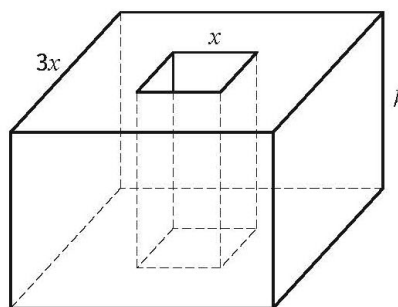
- (a) Show that the volume, $V \text{ units}^3$, of the cuboid is given by $V(x) = \frac{2}{3}x(6 - x^2)$. 3
- (b) Find the exact value of x for which this volume is a maximum. 5

A manufacturer of chocolates is launching a new product in novelty shaped cardboard boxes.



The box is a cuboid with a cuboid shaped tunnel through it.

- The height of the box is h centimetres
- The top of the box is a square of side $3x$ centimetres
- The end of the tunnel is a square of side x centimetres
- The volume of the box is 2000 cm^3



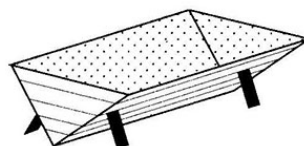
- (a) Show that the total surface area, $A \text{ cm}^2$, of the box is given by

$$A = 16x^2 + \frac{4000}{x}.$$

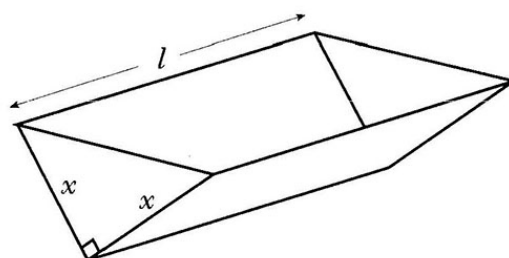
- (b) To minimise the cost of production, the surface area, A , of the box should be as small as possible.

Find the minimum value of A .

- 3 An open water tank, in the shape of a triangular prism, has a capacity of 108 litres. The tank is to be lined on the inside in order to make it watertight.



The triangular cross-section of the tank is right-angled and isosceles, with equal sides of length $x \text{ cm}$. The tank has a length of $l \text{ cm}$.

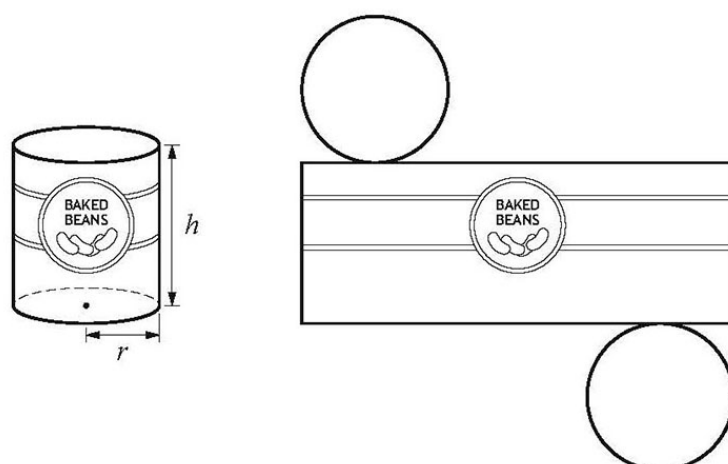


- (a) Show that the surface area to be lined, $A \text{ cm}^2$, is given by $A(x) = x^2 + \frac{432000}{x}$. 3
- (b) Find the value of x which minimises this surface area. 5

A cylindrical tin of baked beans has a volume of 450 cm^3 .

The radius of the tin is $r \text{ cm}$ and its height is $h \text{ cm}$.

A net of the tin is shown in the diagram.



(a) Show that the surface area of the tin, A square centimetres, is given by

$$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{900}{r}. \quad 3$$

(b) Determine the radius that will minimise the surface area. 6

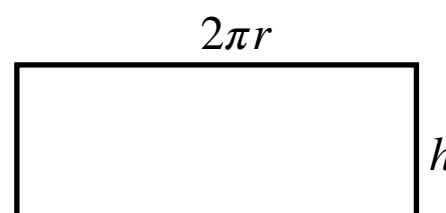
Part (a)

① Come up with a draft version of what they ask for.

$$A(r) = \text{top} + \text{bottom} + \text{sides}$$

$$A(r) = \pi r^2 + \pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$

$$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh$$



We have an h , which the question doesn't!

② What other information is given?

Create an expression for this.

$$\text{Volume} = 450 \text{ m}^3$$

$$\text{Volume} = \text{area of base} \times \text{height}$$

$$\text{Volume} = \pi r^2 h$$

$$450 = \pi r^2 h$$

$$h = \frac{450}{\pi r^2}$$

Change the subject to h .

③ Substitute your expression from step 2 into the step 1 formula.

$$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi rh \quad h = \frac{450}{\pi r^2}$$

$$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + 2\pi r \left(\frac{450}{\pi r^2} \right)$$

$$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{900\pi r}{\pi r^2}$$

$$\underline{\underline{A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{900}{r}}}$$

Part (b)

1 Find the stationary point(s)

$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{900}{r}$

$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + 900r^{-1}$ Prepare for differentiation

$A'(r) = 4\pi r - 900r^{-2}$ Differentiate

$A'(r) = 4\pi r - \frac{900}{r^2}$ Express without negative or fraction powers.

* For stationary points $A'(r) = 0$ *

$4\pi r - \frac{900}{r^2} = 0$





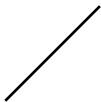
$4\pi r = \frac{900}{r^2}$

$4\pi r^3 = 900$

$r^3 = \frac{900}{4\pi}$

$r = \sqrt[3]{\frac{900}{4\pi}}$

$r = 4.15$

x		4.15	
$A'(r) = 4\pi r - \frac{900}{r^2}$	-	0	+
Slope			

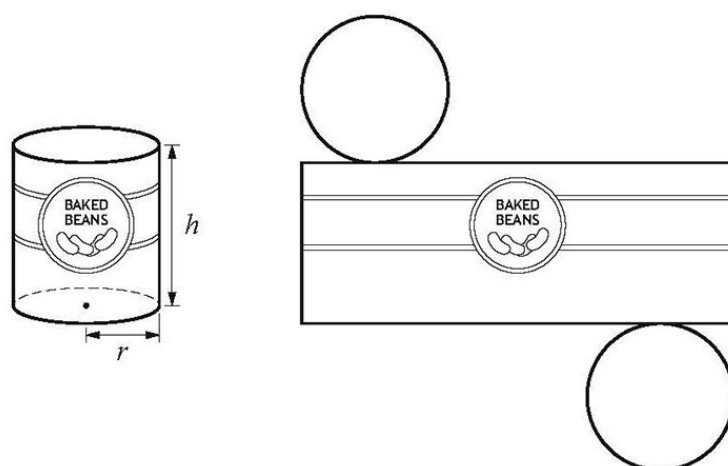
The nature table is essential!

$r = 4.15$ is a value which minimises the surface area.

A cylindrical tin of baked beans has a volume of 500 cm^3 .

The radius of the tin is r cm and its height is h cm.

A net of the tin is shown in the diagram.



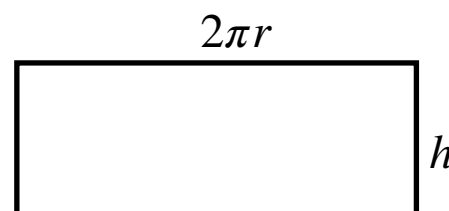
- (a) Show that the surface area of the tin, A square centimetres, is given by

$$A(r) = 2\pi r^2 + \frac{1000}{r} \quad 3$$

- (b) Determine the radius that will minimise the surface area. 6

Part (a)

- ① Come up with a draft version of what they ask for.



We have an h , which the question doesn't!

- ② What other information is given?
Create an expression for this.

Change the subject to h .

- ③ Substitute your expression from step 2 into the step 1 formula.

Part (b)

1

Find the stationary point(s)

Prepare for differentiation

Differentiate

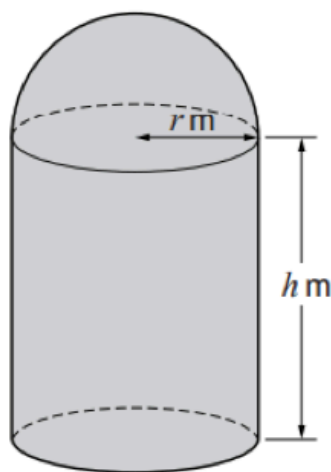
Express without negative or fraction powers.

* For stationary points $A'(r) = 0$ *

The nature table is essential!

- 1 A design for a new grain container is in the shape of a cylinder with a hemispherical roof and a flat circular base. The radius of the cylinder is r metres, and the height is h metres.

The volume of the cylindrical part of the container needs to be 100 cubic metres.

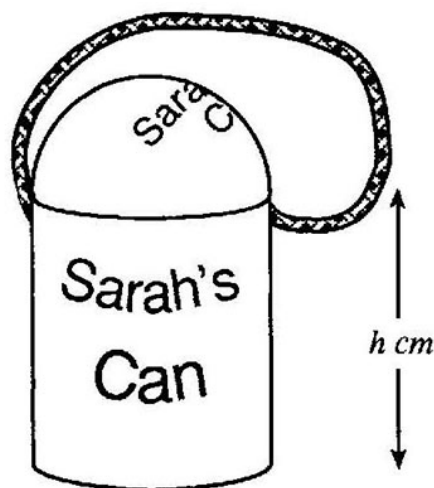


- (a) Given that the curved surface area of a hemisphere of radius r is $2\pi r^2$ show that the surface area of metal needed to build the grain container is given by:

$$A = \frac{200}{r} + 3\pi r^2 \text{ square metres}$$

- (b) Determine the value of r which minimises the amount of metal needed to build the container.

- 2 A child's drinking beaker is in the shape of a cylinder with a hemispherical lid and a circular flat base. The radius of the cylinder is r cm and the height is h cm. The volume of the cylinder is 400 cm^3 .



- (a) Show that the surface area of plastic, $A(r)$, needed to make the beaker is given by $A(r) = 3\pi r^2 + \frac{800}{r}$.

(3)

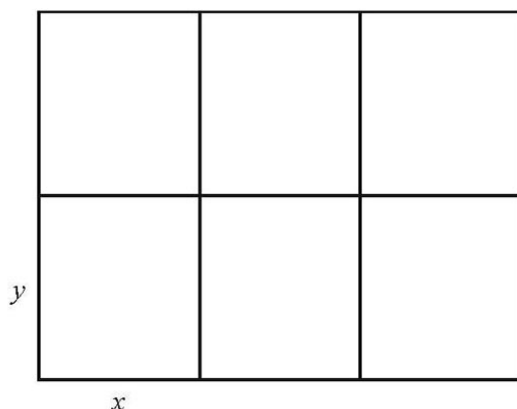
Note: The curved surface area of a hemisphere of radius r is $2\pi r^2$.

- (b) Find the value of r which ensures that the surface area of plastic is minimised.

(6)

- 1 A council is setting aside an area of land to create six fenced plots where local residents can grow their own food.

Each plot will be a rectangle measuring x metres by y metres as shown in the diagram.

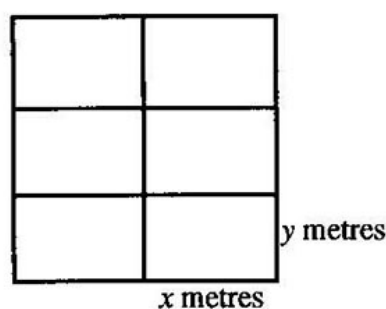


- (a) The area of land being set aside is 108 m^2 .
Show that the total length of fencing, L metres, is given by

$$L(x) = 9x + \frac{144}{x} . \quad 3$$

- (b) Find the value of x that minimises the length of fencing required. 6

- 2 A zookeeper wants to fence off six individual animal pens.



Each pen is a rectangle measuring x metres by y metres, as shown in the diagram.

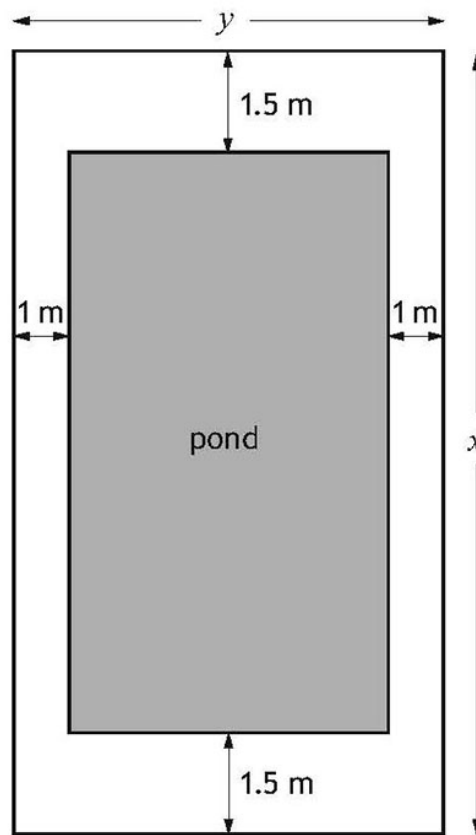
- (a) (i) Express the total length of fencing in terms of x and y .
(ii) Given that the total length of fencing is 360m , show that the total area, $A \text{ m}^2$, of the six pens is given by $A(x) = 240x - \frac{16}{3}x^2$. 4
- (b) Find the values of x and y which give the maximum area and write down this maximum area. 6

3

A rectangular plot consists of a rectangular pond surrounded by a path.

The length and breadth of the plot are x metres and y metres respectively.

The path is 1.5 metres wide at the ends of the pond and 1 metre wide along the other sides as shown.



The total area of the **pond and path together** is 150 square metres.

(a) Show that the area of the pond, A square metres, is given by

$$A(x) = 156 - 2x - \frac{450}{x}.$$

3

(b) Determine the maximum area of the pond.

6